# **FOCUS GRAPHITE INC.**

# **Financial Statements**

# For the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Shareholders of Focus Graphite Inc.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Focus Graphite Inc., which comprise the statements of financial position as at September 30, 2017 and September 30, 2016, the statements of comprehensive loss, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by Management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audits is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Focus Graphite Inc. as at September 30, 2017 and September 30, 2016, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### Emphasis of Matter

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 2 in the financial statements, which indicates that Focus Graphite Inc. is in the exploration stage and has not earned revenue from operations. During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Company incurred a net loss of \$6,528,031 and negative cash flows from operations of \$3,361,572. In addition, the Company has a deficit of \$39,566,514. These conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 2 in the financial statements, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that casts significant doubt about Focus Graphite Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Ottawa, Canada

KPMG LLP

January 29, 2018

Focus Graphite Inc.		
(An exploration stage Company)		
Statements of Financial Position		
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)		
As at	September 30,	September 30,
	2017	2016
	\$	\$
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash	322,665	1,085,731
Amounts receivable (Note 4)	238,720	207,723
Amounts due from related parties (Note 17)	143,556	102,672
Tax credits and credit on duties receivable	82,765	231,472
Prepaid expenses	1,078,044	326,211
- Topara on portos	1,865,750	1,953,809
	1,000,100	
Amounts due from related party (Note 17)	-	360,000
Long-term investment (Note 5)	100,000	125,000
Investment in associate (Note 6)	-	730,407
Property and equipment (Note 7)	-	14,801
Mineral exploration properties (Note 8)	1,327,599	1,380,857
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 8)	25,247,496	24,217,684
Total assets	28,540,845	28,782,558
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 17)	1,357,018	2,035,874
Deposit (Note 18)	-	349,333
Other current liabilities (Note 9)	253,583	82,582
Total liabilities		
	1,610,601	2,467,789
EQUITY		
Share capital (Note 11)	54,386,387	48,153,759
Warrants (Note 12)	1,367,788	634,117
Contributed surplus	10,469,341	10,282,050
Accumulated other comprehensive income	273,242	283,326
Deficit	(39,566,514)	(33,038,483)
Total equity	26,930,244	26,314,769
Total liabilities and equity	28,540,845	28,782,558
Coing concern (Note 2)		
Going concern (Note 2)		
Contingent liability (Note 19)		
Subsequent events (Note 22)		
On behalf of the Board		
(signed) "Gary Economo"	(signed) "Jeffrey York"	
Gary Economo, Director	Jeffrey York, Director	
dary Loonomo, birodor	20	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(An exploration stage Company) Statements of Comprehensive Loss For the years ended September 30 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Operating expenses		
Management and consulting fees	1,099,876	1,032,183
Salaries and benefits	287,166	415,863
Travel and promotion	258,468	258,778
Professional fees	203,812	267,018
Office	364,605	396,905
Depreciation of property and equipment (Note 7)	14,801	26,922
Stock-based compensation (Note 13)	-	265,195
Write-down of mineral exploration properties and	100 ==0	050 704
exploration and evaluation assets (Note 8)	128,573	259,701
Government assistance	<u> </u>	(78,541)
Loss from operations	(2,357,301)	(2,844,024)
Other income		
Interest income	-	8,359
Other income related to flow-through shares (Note 10)	27,332	126,006
Impairment of long-term investment (Note 5)	-	(50,000)
Dilution gain on investment in associate (Note 6)	·	93,426
Share of net loss of associate (Note 6)	(843,570)	(996,324)
Impairment of investment in associate (Note 6)	(2,994,492)	-
Impairment of amount due from related party (Note 17)	(360,000)	-
Net loss	(6,528,031)	(3,662,557)
Other comprehensive (loss) income		
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		
Change in fair value of available-for-sale investments	(25,000)	-
Impairment of available-for-sale investments reclassified	, ,	
to profit or loss	-	50.000
Share of other comprehensive income of associate	14,916	4,286
Other comprehensive (loss) income	(10,084)	54,286
Total comprehensive loss	(6,538,115)	(3,608,271)
		<u> </u>
Basic and diluted net loss per common share	(0.03)	(0.02)
Basic and diluted weighted average number of		
common shares outstanding	200,761,595	145,990,961
<u> </u>	• •	

(An exploration stage Company) Statements of Changes in Equity (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

				0	other		
	Shara	anital	Warrants	Contributed surplus	comprehensive income	Deficit	Total
	Share of shares	зарнаі \$	vvarrants \$	surpius \$	\$	S Delicit	\$
	" or orial oo	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ
Balance, September 30, 2015	127,632,172	44,412,649	347,903	9,975,810	229,040	(29,375,926)	25,589,476
Shares issued for cash	37,224,921	4,244,617	-	-	-	-	4,244,617
Warrants issued	-	-	172,500	-	-	-	172,500
Shares issued on exercise of warrants	575,341	88,987	(24,733)	-	-	-	64,254
Expiry of warrants	-	-	(41,045)	41,045	-	-	-
Stock-based compensation	-	-	-	265,195	-	-	265,195
Share issuance costs	-	(592,494)	179,492	-	-	-	(413,002)
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	(3,662,557)	(3,662,557)
Impairment of available-for-sale investments							
reclassified to profit or loss	-	-	-	-	50,000	-	50,000
Share of other comprehensive income of							
associate	-	-		-	4,286	-	4,286
Balance, September 30, 2016	165,432,434	48,153,759	634,117	10,282,050	283,326	(33,038,483)	26,314,769
Shares issued for cash	104,153,306	7,281,790	-	-	-	_	7,281,790
Warrants issued	-	-	734,500	_	-	-	734,500
Expiry of warrants	-	-	(187,291)	187,291	-	-	-
Share issuance costs	-	(1,049,162)	186,462	_	-	_	(862,700)
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	(6,528,031)	(6,528,031)
Change in fair value of available-for-sale							
investments	-	-	-	-	(25,000)	-	(25,000)
Share of other comprehensive income of							
associate	-	-	-	-	14,916	-	14,916
Balance, September 30, 2017	269,585,740	54,386,387	1,367,788	10,469,341	273,242	(39,566,514)	26,930,244

Accumulated

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(An exploration stage Company) Statements of Cash Flows For the years ended September 30 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(6 F29 021)	(0.000.557)
Net loss	(6,528,031)	(3,662,557)
Adjustments for:		265 105
Stock-based compensation	- 14,801	265,195 26,922
Depreciation of property and equipment	14,801	20,922
Write-down of mineral exploration properties and exploration and evaluation assets	128,573	259,701
Interest income	-	(8,359)
Other income related to flow-through shares	(27,332)	(126,006)
Impairment of long-term investment	(27,302)	50,000
Dilution gain on investment in associate	-	(93,426)
Share of net loss of associate	843,570	996,324
Impairment of investment in associate	2,994,492	-
Impairment of amount due from related party	360,000	-
Changes in non-cash working capital items (Note 14)	(1,147,645)	(63,510)
Net cash used in operating activities	(3,361,572)	(2,355,716)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Exploration advances	-	35,129
Interest received	-	8,359
Investment in associate	(3,092,739)	-
Exploration and evaluation costs	(1,841,341)	(1,703,086)
Tax credits and mining duties received	180,663	423,645
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,753,417)	(1,235,953)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Common shares issued	7,480,123	4,453,205
Warrants issued	734,500	172,500
Warrants exercised	· -	64,254
Share issuance costs	(862,700)	(413,002)
Net cash provided by financing activities	7,351,923	4,276,957
(Decrease) increase in cash	(763,066)	685,288
Cash, beginning of the year	1,085,731	400,443
Cash, end of the year	322,665	1,085,731

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Focus Graphite Inc. (the "Company" or "Focus") was incorporated on December 30, 1998 under the Canada Business Corporations Act.

Focus is engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties in Quebec, Canada. The Company is in the exploration stage and does not derive any revenue from its properties. The address of the Company's corporate office is 945 Princess Street, Kingston, Ontario, Canada. Focus Graphite Inc.'s common shares are listed for trading on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V") under the symbol "FMS" and on the OTCQX Exchange in the U.S. under the symbol "FCSMF".

#### 2. GOING CONCERN ASSUMPTION

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The going concern basis of presentation assumes the Company will continue to operate for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company is in the exploration stage and has not earned revenue from operations. During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Company incurred a net loss of \$6,528,031 (2016 - \$3,662,557) and negative cash flows from operations of \$3,361,572 (2016 - \$2,355,716). In addition, the Company has a deficit of \$39,566,514.

The above factors raise significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. In assessing whether the going concern assumption is appropriate, Management takes into account all available information about the future, which is at least, but not limited to, twelve months from the end of the reporting period. This assessment is based upon planned actions that may or may not occur for a number of reasons including the Company's own resources and external market conditions.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern, realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business, meet its corporate administrative expenses and continue its exploration activities in fiscal 2018, is dependent upon Management's ability to obtain additional financing, through various means including but not limited to equity financing. No assurance can be given that any such additional financing will be available, or that it can be obtained on terms favorable to the Company.

These financial statements do not reflect adjustments that would be necessary if the going concern assumption was not appropriate. If the going concern basis was not appropriate for these financial statements, then adjustments would be necessary to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, the reported expenses and the classifications used in the statements of financial position.

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Basis of presentation and compliance with IFRS

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for available-for-sale financial assets which are measured at fair value, and are expressed in Canadian dollars, which is also the functional currency of the Company. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on January 29, 2018.

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### (b) Judgments, estimates and assumptions

When preparing the financial statements, Management makes a number of judgments, estimates and assumptions about recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

#### Significant Management judgment

The following are significant Management judgments in applying the accounting policies of the Company that have the most significant effect on the financial statements.

Significant influence assessment and assessment of indicators of impairment of an equity-method investee

The assessment as to whether or not the Company has significant influence over an investee requires judgment. Even though Focus holds less than 20% of the voting rights in Grafoid Inc. ("Grafoid"), with an ownership interest of 18% as at September 30, 2017 (Note 6), Management considers the Company to have significant influence over Grafoid. Management considers various facts and circumstances in arriving at this assessment, including but not limited to Focus' representation on the Board of Directors of Grafoid.

At each reporting period, judgement is required to assess whether there is objective evidence of an impairment in the Company's net investment in its associate. In fiscal 2017, Management applied judgement in determining that there was an impairment in its net investment in its associate and the amount of impairment to be recognized, as discussed in Note 6.

Determination of technical feasibility and commercial viability of mineral properties

Mining rights and expenses related to exploration and evaluation activities are capitalized on a property by property basis pending determination of the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the project. When technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting a mineral resource are demonstrable, mining rights and expenses related to exploration and evaluation activities of the related mining property are transferred to mining assets under construction and all subsequent expenditures on the construction, installation or completion of infrastructure facilities are capitalized to mining assets under construction. The determination as to when a mineral property is deemed to be technically feasible and commercially viable is subject to Management judgment. Management considers various facts and circumstances, including but not limited to the securing of financing and the approval of the Company's Board of Directors, in arriving at this assessment.

Recognition of deferred income tax assets and measurement of income tax expense

Management continually evaluates the likelihood that its deferred tax assets could be realized. This requires Management to assess whether it is probable that sufficient taxable income will exist in the future to utilize these losses within the carry-forward period. By its nature, this assessment requires significant judgment. To date, Management has not recognized any deferred tax assets in excess of existing taxable temporary differences expected to reverse within the carry-forward period.

## Going concern

The assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and to raise sufficient funds to pay for its ongoing operating expenditures, meet its liabilities for the ensuing year, and to fund planned and contractual exploration programs, involves significant judgment based on historical experience and other factors including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. See Note 2 for more information.

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### Estimation uncertainty

Information about estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect on recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses is provided below. Actual results may be substantially different.

Impairment of mineral exploration properties and exploration and evaluation assets

Determining if there are any facts or circumstances indicating impairment loss or reversal of impairment losses is a subjective process involving judgment and a number of estimates and interpretations in many cases.

Determining whether to test for impairment of mineral exploration properties and exploration and evaluation assets requires Management's judgment, among others, regarding the following: the period for which the entity has the right to explore in the specific area has expired or will expire in the near future, and is not expected to be renewed; substantive expenditure on further exploration and evaluation of mineral resources in a specific area is neither budgeted nor planned; exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in a specific area have not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources and the entity has decided to discontinue such activities in the specific area; or sufficient data exists to indicate that, although a development in a specific area is likely to proceed, the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation asset is unlikely to be recovered in full from successful development or by sale.

When an indication of impairment loss or a reversal of an impairment loss exists, the recoverable amount of the individual asset must be estimated. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of the individual asset, the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs must be determined. Identifying the cash-generating units requires Management judgment. In testing an individual asset or cash-generating unit for impairment and identifying a reversal of impairment losses, Management estimates the recoverable amount of the asset or the cash-generating unit. This requires Management to make several assumptions as to future events or circumstances. These assumptions and estimates are subject to change if new information becomes available. Actual results with respect to impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses could differ in such a situation and significant adjustments to the Company's assets and earnings may occur during the next period.

#### Share-based payments

The estimation of stock-based compensation and valuation assigned to warrants requires the selection of an appropriate valuation model and consideration as to the inputs necessary for the valuation model chosen. The Company has made estimates as to the volatility of its own shares, the probable life of stock options and warrants granted and the time of exercise of those stock options and warrants. The valuation model used by the Company is the Black-Scholes model.

The Company allocates values to share capital and to warrants on the residual basis when the two are issued together as a unit. As this allocation is based upon the share price at the time of issuance and the stock is thinly-traded, the actual value of the components may differ from this allocation.

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

# (c) Investments in associates

Associates are entities over which the Company is able to exert significant influence but which are not subsidiaries.

The investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognized at cost plus transaction costs.

The carrying amount of the investment in associates is increased or decreased to recognize the Company's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate, adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies of the Company.

If the Company's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, the Company discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. Additional losses are provided for, and a liability is recognized only to the extent that the Company has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

## (d) Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency, using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions (spot exchange rate). Exchange differences resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the re-measurement of monetary items at year-end exchange rates are recognized in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rates at the date of the transaction (not re-translated). Non-monetary items measured at fair value are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined.

# (e) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and all substantial risks and rewards are transferred.

A financial liability is derecognized when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or when it expires.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured initially at fair value plus transactions costs.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured subsequently as described below.

## Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial recognition, these are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. The Company's cash, amounts receivable (excluding sales taxes receivable) and amounts due from related parties fall into this category of financial instruments.

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available-for-sale or are not classified as (a) loans and receivables, (b) held-to-maturity investments or (c) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. After initial recognition, these assets are measured at fair value with subsequent changes in fair value, other than impairment losses, recognized in other comprehensive income, and presented within equity. When an investment is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss in other comprehensive income is transferred to profit or loss.

## Impairment of financial assets

All financial assets not classified as fair value through profit or loss, including an interest in an equity-accounted investee, are subject to review for impairment at least at each reporting date. Financial assets are impaired when there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.

Objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty;
- default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganization.
- the disappearance of an active market for a security; or
- observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the expected cash flows from a group of financial assets.

For an investment in an equity security, objective evidence of impairment includes a significant or prolonged decline in its fair value below its cost. The Company generally considers a decline of 20% to be significant and a period of nine months to be prolonged.

Individually significant receivables are considered for impairment when they are past due or when other objective evidence is received that a specific counterparty will default. Impairment of receivables is presented in profit or loss, if applicable.

Impairment losses on available-for-sale financial assets are recognized by reclassifying the losses accumulated in equity to profit or loss.

An impairment loss in respect of an equity-accounted investee is measured by comparing the recoverable amount of the investment with its carrying amount. An impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss and is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

#### Financial liabilities

The Company's financial liabilities include accounts payable and accrued liabilities and deposit.

Financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

All interest-related charges are reported in profit or loss within interest expense, if applicable.

#### Fair value hierarchy

Financial instruments measured at fair value on the statements of financial position are classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels: Level 1 – valuation based on quoted prices unadjusted in active markets

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

for identical assets or liabilities; Level 2 – valuation techniques based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); Level 3 – valuation techniques using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The Company's long-term investment (2,500,000 shares in Mincom Capital Inc. ("Mincom")), is classified as Level 2 and measured based on the quoted price of the shares of Mincom on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V"), with additional consideration given to Mincom's financials. At September 30, 2016, the Company measured its long-term investment by direct reference to the last trading price of Mincom's shares on the TSX-V, which was \$0.05. At the time, Management considered that there was sufficient trading volume of Mincom's shares that it was an appropriate Level 1 input on which fair value could be measured. At September 30, 2017, the trading volume of Mincom's shares was no longer considered to be sufficient to be considered a Level 1 input, as the shares were halted for a prolonged period due to a pending transaction. Instead, the last trading price was considered as a Level 2 input and Management considered other financial information of Mincom to support the measurement. During the year, the Company's long-term investment was transferred from Level 1 to Level 2. There were no other transfers between fair value hierarchy levels during the year.

### (f) Basic and diluted loss per share

Basic loss per share is computed by dividing the net loss attributable to owners of the parent for the period by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The computation of diluted loss per share assumes the conversion or exercise of securities only when such conversion or exercise would have a dilutive effect on earnings per share. The diluted loss per share is equal to the basic loss per share because the effect of warrants and stock options (Notes 12 and 13) is antidilutive as it would decrease the loss per share.

#### (g) Tax credits and credit on duties

The Company is eligible for a refundable credit on mining duties under the Quebec Mining Duties Act. This refundable credit on mining duties is equal to 16% applicable on 50% of the eligible expenses. The accounting treatment for refundable credits on mining duties depends on Management's intention to either go into production in the future or to sell its mining properties to a mining company once the technical feasibility and the economic viability of the properties have been demonstrated. This assessment is made at the level of each mining property.

In the first case, the credit on mining duties is recorded as an income tax recovery, under IAS 12, Income Taxes, which generates a deferred tax liability and deferred tax expense since the exploration and evaluation assets have no tax basis following the Company's election to claim the refundable credit.

In the second case, it is expected that no mining duties will be paid in the future and, accordingly, the credit on mining duties is recorded against exploration and evaluation assets.

Currently, it is Management's intention to have the Company sell its mining properties to a mining company, as such, the credit on mining duties is recorded against exploration and evaluation assets.

The Company is also eligible for a refundable tax credit related to resources for mining industry companies in relation to eligible expenses incurred. The refundable tax credit related to resources can represent up to 38.50% for eligible expenses, and is recorded as a government grant against exploration and evaluation assets.

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Credits related to resources and credits for mining duties recognized against exploration and evaluation assets are initially recorded at fair value when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and the Company will comply with the conditions associated with the grant.

#### (h) Property and equipment

Property and equipment are carried at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of an item of property and equipment consists of the purchase price, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for its intended use and an initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Depreciation is recognized based on the cost of an item of property and equipment, less its estimated residual value, over its estimated useful life at the following rates and using the following methods:

Detail	Percentage	Method
Computer hardware and equipment	33%	Straight line
Vehicles	25%	Straight line
Lab equipment	20%	Straight line
Office furniture	20%	Straight line
Leasehold improvements	25%	Straight line

Depreciation on all items of property and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

An asset's residual value, useful life and depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, on an annual basis.

An item of property and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on disposal of the asset, determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, is recognized in profit or loss.

There have been no impairment losses with respect to property and equipment recognized in any of the periods presented in these financial statements.

## (i) Research and development costs

Costs related to research activities are expensed as incurred. Costs that are directly attributable to a project's development phase are recognized as intangible assets, provided they meet the following recognition requirements: (i) the development costs can be measured reliably; (ii) the project is technically and commercially feasible; (iii) the Company intends to and has sufficient resources to complete the project; (iv) the Company has the ability to use or sell the product or equipment; and (v) the product, equipment or process will generate probable future economic benefits. Development costs not meeting all these criteria are expensed as incurred. To date, no development costs have been capitalized.

# (j) Mineral exploration properties and exploration and evaluation assets

Mineral exploration properties include the cost of acquiring mining rights. Exploration and evaluation assets include expenses directly related to the exploration and evaluation activities. These costs are capitalized and are carried at cost less any impairment loss recognized. Costs incurred before the legal right to undertake

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

exploration and evaluation activities on a project was acquired, are expensed in the statement of comprehensive loss.

Mining rights and expenses related to exploration and evaluation activities are capitalized on a property by property basis pending determination of the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the project. No amortization is recognized during the exploration and evaluation phase. Costs capitalized include drilling, project consulting, geophysical, geological and geochemical studies, as well as other costs related to the evaluation of the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting a mineral resource.

When technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting a mineral resource are demonstrable, mining rights and expenses related to exploration and evaluation activities of the related mining property are transferred to mining assets under construction. Before the reclassification, mineral exploration properties and exploration and evaluation assets are tested for impairment and any impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss before reclassification.

Upon transfer of exploration and evaluation assets into mining assets under construction, all subsequent expenditures on the construction, installation or completion of infrastructure facilities are capitalized with mining assets under construction. After the development stage, all assets included in mining assets under construction are transferred to mining assets and amortized over the expected productive lives of the assets.

# (k) Impairment of non-financial assets

For impairment assessment and testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or cash generating unit ("CGU"). The Company considers each mineral property to be a separate CGU, and therefore assesses for indicators of impairment individually for each mineral property.

At each reporting date, the Company assesses non-financial assets including mineral exploration properties and exploration and evaluation assets, property and equipment and intangible assets for impairment when facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of the asset may exceed its recoverable amount, being the higher of the value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal. Additionally, when technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting a mineral resource are demonstrable, the assets of the mineral property are tested for impairment before these items are transferred to mining assets under construction. If the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount with the impairment recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, subject to the amount not exceeding the carrying amount that would have been determined had impairment not been recognized for the asset in prior periods. Any reversal of impairment is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

# (I) Provisions and contingent liabilities

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Timing or amount of the outflow may still be uncertain. If the effect is material, provisions are measured by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

The Company's operations are governed by government environment protection legislation. Environmental consequences are difficult to identify in terms of amounts, timetable and impact. As of the reporting date,

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Management believes that the Company's operations are in compliance with current laws and regulations. Site restoration costs currently incurred are negligible. When the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting a mineral resource have been demonstrated, a restoration provision will be recognized in the cost of the mining property when there is a constructive commitment that has resulted from past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be measured with sufficient reliability.

All provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. The Company had no material provisions as at September 30, 2017 and September 30, 2016.

In those cases where the possible outflow of economic resources as a result of present obligations is considered improbable or remote, no liability is recognized, unless it was assumed in the course of a business combination. In a business combination, contingent liabilities are recognized in the course of the allocation of the purchase price to the assets and liabilities acquired in the business combination. They are subsequently measured at the higher amount of a comparable provision as described above and the amount initially recognized, less any amortization.

## (m) Employee benefits

The cost of short-term employee benefits (including non-monetary benefits such as group medical and dental insurance) are recognized in the period in which the service is rendered and are not discounted.

## (n) Income taxes

Tax expense recognized in profit or loss comprises the sum of deferred and current tax not recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current income tax assets and/or liabilities comprise those obligations to, or claims from, fiscal authorities relating to the current or prior reporting periods, that are unpaid at the reporting date. Current tax is payable on taxable profit, which differs from profit or loss in the financial statements. Calculation of current tax is based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred income taxes are calculated using the liability method on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax bases. However, deferred tax is not provided on the initial recognition of an asset or liability unless the related transaction is a business combination or affects tax or accounting profit. Deferred tax on temporary differences associated with shares in subsidiaries and associates is not provided if reversal of these temporary differences can be controlled by the Company and it is probable that the reversal will occur in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated, without discounting, at tax rates that are expected to apply to their respective period of realization, provided they are enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are always provided for in full. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that they will be able to be utilized against future taxable income.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only when the Company has a right and intention to set off current tax assets and liabilities from the same taxation authority.

Changes in deferred tax assets or liabilities are recognized as deferred income tax expense in profit or loss, except where they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the related deferred tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or equity, respectively.

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# (o) Equity

#### Share capital

Share capital represents the amount received on the issue of shares. Transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance of common shares are recognized as a reduction of share capital. If shares are issued when options and warrants are exercised, the share capital account also comprises amounts previously recorded as contributed surplus. In addition, if shares are issued as consideration for the acquisition of a mineral property or some other form of non-monetary assets, they are measured at the fair value of the assets or services received or the fair value of the shares issued, according to the quoted price on the day of the conclusion of the agreement.

## Flow-through financings

Issuance of flow-through units represents in substance an issue of common shares, warrants (if applicable) and the sale of the right to tax deductions to the investors. When the flow-through units are issued, the sale of the right to tax deductions is deferred and presented as other liabilities in the statement of financial position. The proceeds received from flow-through placements are allocated between share capital, warrants issued and the liability using the residual method. Proceeds are first allocated to shares according to the quoted price of existing shares at the time of issuance, then to warrants (if applicable) according to the fair value of the warrants at the time of issuance and any residual in the proceeds is allocated to the liability. The fair value of the warrants is estimated using the Black-Scholes valuation model. The liability component recorded initially on the issuance of shares is reversed on renouncement of the right to tax deductions to the investors and when eligible expenses are incurred, and recognized in profit or loss in other income related to flow-through shares.

#### Unit placements

Under the residual method, proceeds are first allocated to shares according to the quoted prices of existing shares at the time of issuance and any residual in the proceeds is allocated to warrants.

### Warrants

Warrants include charges related to the issuance of warrants until such equity instruments are exercised.

### Contributed surplus

Contributed surplus includes charges related to stock-based compensation until such equity instruments are exercised, as well as expired or forfeited warrants.

## **Deficit**

Deficit includes all current and prior period profits or losses.

## (p) Equity-settled stock-based payment transactions

The Company operates an equity-settled stock-based remuneration plan (stock option plan) for directors, officers, employees and certain consultants. The Company's plan does not feature any options for a cash settlement. Occasionally, the Company may issue warrants to brokers.

All goods and services received in exchange for the grant of any stock-based payments are measured at their fair values, unless that fair value cannot be estimated reliably. If the Company cannot estimate reliably the fair value of the goods or services received, the Company shall measure their value indirectly by

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted. Where employees, or consultants providing similar services, are rewarded using stock-based payments, the fair values of the services rendered are determined indirectly by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted. The fair value is measured at the grant date and if applicable, recognized over the vesting period. The fair value of the options granted is measured using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. Estimates are subsequently revised if there is any indication that the number of stock options expected to vest differs from previous estimates. Any cumulative adjustment prior to vesting is recognized in the current period. No adjustment is made to any expense recognized in prior periods if stock options ultimately exercised are different to that estimated on vesting. Stock-based compensation expense incorporates an expected forfeiture rate.

All stock-based payments under the plan (except warrants to brokers) are ultimately recognized as an expense in the profit or loss or capitalized as an exploration and evaluation asset, depending on the nature of the payment with a corresponding credit to contributed surplus, in equity. At the same time, upon exercise of a stock option, the proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are recorded as share capital. The accumulated charges related to the stock options recorded in contributed surplus are then transferred to share capital. Warrants issued to brokers are recognized as issuance cost of equity instruments with a corresponding credit to warrants, in equity.

# (q) Segmented reporting

The Company is organized into business units based on mineral properties and has determined that there was only one business segment, being the acquisition, exploration and potential development of mineral properties, based on information that is regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision-maker.

## (r) Operating lease agreements

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments under an operating lease are charged to the statement of comprehensive loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. Related expenses, such as maintenance and insurance expenses, are charged as incurred.

# (s) Standards, amendments and interpretations

#### Effective in the current year

The IASB has issued the following amendments, which are applicable to the Company in the current year.

Disclosure Initiative - Amendments to IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements ("IAS 1")

The IASB issued amendments to IAS 1 that provide additional guidance to help entities apply judgment when meeting the presentation and disclosure requirements in IFRS. The amendments clarify that materiality applies to the whole financial statements and that the inclusion of immaterial information can inhibit the usefulness of financial disclosures. The amendments clarify that entities should use professional judgment in determining where and in what order information is presented in the financial statements. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016. The adoption of these amendments did not have an impact on the Company's financial statements.

#### Issued but not yet effective

The IASB has issued the following new and revised standards and amendments, which are not yet effective which may have future applicability to the Company.

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

## IFRS 9, Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9")

The IASB issued the final version of IFRS 9, bringing together the classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting phases of the project to replace IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement". IFRS 9 is to be applied retrospectively with some exemptions for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. Early application is permitted. The extent of the impact on the Company of adopting IFRS 9 has not yet been determined.

# IFRS 16, Leases ("IFRS 16")

In January 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16, completing its project to improve the financial reporting of leases. The new standard will replace IAS 17 "Leases" (IAS 17), and it sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases for both parties to a contract. For lessees, IFRS 16 eliminates the classification of leases as either operating or finance leases that exist under IAS 17, and requires recognition of assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. IFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements under IAS 17. IFRS 16 is to be applied retrospectively, using either a full retrospective approach or a modified retrospective approach, for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. Early application is permitted, but only if IFRS 15 has also been adopted. The extent of the impact on the Company of adopting IFRS 16 has not yet been determined.

## Disclosure Initiative – Amendments to IAS 7, Statement of Cash Flows ("IAS 7")

In January 2016, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 7 requiring entities to provide disclosures about changes in their financing liabilities to assist readers in evaluating changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including changes from cash flows and non-cash changes (such as foreign exchange gains or losses). IAS 7 is to be applied prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017. Early application is permitted. The extent of the impact on the Company of adopting IAS 7 has not yet been determined.

#### 4. AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE

September 30,	September 30,
2017	2016
\$	\$
108,140	204,398
130,580	3,325
238,720	207,723
	2017 \$ 108,140 130,580

Travel advances in the amount of \$91,979 were reclassified from amounts receivable to prepaid expenses at September 30, 2017 and September 30, 2016, as Management expects that these amounts will be realized through future travel charges.

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 5. LONG-TERM INVESTMENT

# Investment in Mincom Capital Inc.

On May 8, 2014, further to the sale of the Company's Romer property to Mincom Capital Inc. ("Mincom"), Focus received 2,500,000 common shares in Mincom, valued at \$450,000 (Note 8a)). The fair value of the shares received was based on the quoted market price on the closing date of the transaction. The shares are classified as available-for-sale financial assets and are measured at fair value. The Company does not exercise significant influence over Mincom.

As at September 30, 2017, the Company's investment in Mincom was as follows:

			Fair value	
	Cost	Impairment	adjustment	Fair value
	\$	\$	\$	\$
2,500,000 common shares in Mincom	450,000	(375,000)	25,000	100,000

As at September 30, 2016, the Company's investment in Mincom was as follows:

			Fair value	
	Cost	Impairment	adjustment	Fair value
	\$	\$	\$	\$
2,500,000 common shares in Mincom (1)	450,000	(375,000)	50,000	125,000

<sup>(1) 750,000</sup> of these shares were held in escrow as at September 30, 2016 and released during the year ended September 30, 2017.

#### 6. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE

#### Grafoid Inc.

Grafoid is a privately-held graphene research and development company, with its principal place of business in Kingston, Ontario.

As at September 30, 2017, no dividends have been received from Grafoid.

On July 3, 2013, the Company lost control over Grafoid, further to the dilution of the Company's ownership interest. Given its 21% ownership interest in Grafoid at that date, the Company continued to have significant influence. As such, the investment in Grafoid was recorded as an investment in an associate at fair value (\$2,400,000) and is accounted for using the equity method in accordance with International Accounting Standard 28, "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures" ("IAS 28"). The Company's share of Grafoid's net losses subsequent to the loss of control is recorded in the statements of comprehensive loss.

In February 2014, Focus' Board of Directors approved the conversion of an outstanding \$1,500,000 loan to Grafoid into 3,000,000 common shares at a deemed price of \$0.50 per share, increasing the Company's holdings in Grafoid to 7,800,000 common shares.

Subsequent to July 3, 2013 and continuing through the 2016 fiscal year, Focus' ownership interest in Grafoid has fluctuated, further to multiple capital raises and other share issuances by Grafoid, including the 3,000,000 shares issued to the Company, as described above. Despite these fluctuations, Management has

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

not changed its assessment and considers Focus to have maintained significant influence over Grafoid throughout this period and throughout fiscal 2017. Management takes into consideration various facts and circumstances in arriving at this assessment, including but not limited to Focus' continued representation on Grafoid's Board of Directors.

As at September 30, 2017, the Company's ownership interest in Grafoid was 18% and the carrying value of the investment was determined as follows:

	\$
Balance, September 30, 2016	730,407
Long-term receivable from Grafoid Share of net loss of associate Share of comprehensive income of associate	3,092,739 (843,570) 14,916
Impairment	(2,994,492)
Balance, September 30, 2017	

During the year, loan advances were made to Grafoid in the amount of \$3,092,739 that, in substance, form part of the Company's net investment in Grafoid. At year-end, Management determined that there was objective evidence of an impairment of its equity interest in Grafoid taking into consideration factors including Grafoid's financial position and results from operations. As a result, Management estimated the recoverable amount of the Company's investment in Grafoid to be \$Nil and recognized an impairment of the carrying amount of the net investment in Grafoid after the application of the equity method. There is estimation uncertainty associated with determining the recoverable amount for the investment in Grafoid as it is a privately-held research and development company, has a net asset deficiency and is dependent on future financings to continue to operate as a going concern. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

As at September 30, 2016, the Company's ownership interest in Grafoid was 18% and the carrying value of the investment was determined as follows:

	\$
Balance, September 30, 2015	1,629,019
Dilution gain on investment in associate	93,426
Share of net loss of associate	(996,324)
Share of comprehensive income of associate	4,286
Balance, September 30, 2016	730,407

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The shares of Grafoid are not publicly listed on a stock exchange and hence published price quotes are not available. The dilution gain in fiscal 2016 is impacted by equity financings closed by Grafoid with independent third party investors at US\$5.00 per share.

Focus Graphite Inc. (An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

> The following table summarizes the financial information of Grafoid as included in its own consolidated financial statements. The table also reconciles the summarized financial information to the carrying amount of the Company's interest in Grafoid.

As at	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016
	\$	\$
Percentage ownership interest	18%	18%
Current assets Non-current assets	3,091,879 3,438,393	3,513,066 3,899,952
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	(12,759,217) (171,679)	(16,715,947) (199,849)
Net assets (100%)	(6,400,624)	(9,502,778)
Net assets attributable to owners of Grafoid Net assets attributable to non-controlling interest	(2,812,942) (3,587,682)	625,429 (10,128,207)
	(6,400,624)	(9,502,778)
Focus' share of net assets (2017 - 18%, 2016 - 18%) Reconciling items	(510,108)	113,417
Goodwill Warrants and stock-based compensation issued	1,927,139	1,927,139
by Grafoid Long-term receivable from Grafoid Impairment	(1,515,278) 3,092,739 (2,994,492)	(1,310,149) - -
Carrying value of investment in Grafoid	-	730,407
For the years ended September 30	2017 \$	2016 \$
Revenue Net earnings (loss) Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income (loss)	4,146,651 1,488,626 109,670 1,598,296	3,996,611 (6,573,185) 31,463 (6,541,722)
Net earning (loss) attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interest	(4,783,591) 6,272,217	(5,485,289) (1,087,896)
	1,488,626	(6,573,185)

Focus Graphite Inc.
(An exploration stage Company)
Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

# 7. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Computer				
	hardware		Lab	Office	
and	equipment	Vehicles	equipment	furniture	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cost, September 30, 2016 and September 30, 2017	14,115	38,614	102,423	5,000	160,152
Accumulated depreciation					
Balance, September 30, 2016	14,115	38,614	88,539	4,083	145,351
Depreciation	-	-	13,884	917	14,801
Accumulated depreciation, September 30, 2017	14,115	38,614	102,423	5,000	160,152
Net Book Value, September 30, 2017	-	-	-	-	-

	Computer				
	hardware		Lab	Office	
and	equipment	Vehicles	equipment	furniture	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cost, September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2016	14,115	38,614	102,423	5,000	160,152
Accumulated depreciation					
Balance, September 30, 2015	14,115	33,177	68,054	3,083	118,429
Depreciation	-	5,437	20,485	1,000	26,922
Accumulated depreciation, September 30, 2016	14,115	38,614	88,539	4,083	145,351
Net Book Value, September 30, 2016	-	-	13,884	917	14,801

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 8. MINERAL EXPLORATION PROPERTIES AND EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

	Mineral	Exploration		Eurola valiana
	Mineral			Exploration
	Willicial	and	Mineral	and
	exploration	evaluation	exploration	evaluation
	properties	assets	properties	assets
	\$	\$	\$	\$
a) Lac Knife	642,578	15,842,684	642,578	15,531,999
b) Kwyjibo	-	6,331,211	-	6,106,139
c) Manicouagan	289,101	2,449,366	289,101	2,060,495
c) Lac au Sorcier	- 1	-	-	-
d) Eastmain-Leran	395,920	624,235	395,920	446,056
e) Island and Asbury	-	-	53,258	72,995
f) Labrador Trough	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	1,327,599	25,247,496	1,380,857	24,217,684

#### a) Lac Knife

The Company acquired a 100% interest in the Lac Knife property upon acquisition of 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of 3765351 Canada Inc. ("3765351") on October 4, 2010, in consideration for (i) a cash payment of \$250,000, (ii) the issuance of 4,016,362 common shares and (iii) 2,008,181 warrants, each warrant entitling the vendor to acquire an additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.10 for a period of 24 months. Effective April 1, 2012, 3765351 was liquidated and ownership of the Lac Knife property was transferred to Focus. The Lac Knife property is located south of Fermont, Quebec, in North-Eastern Quebec near the Labrador border. The property is host to the historical Lac Knife graphite prospect located in the Grenville geological province.

#### b) Kwyjibo

In August 2010, the Company signed an option agreement with SOQUEM Inc. ("SOQUEM") to acquire a 50% interest in the Kwyjibo property, located in the Grenville Geological Province, north-east of Sept-Iles, Quebec, by spending \$3,000,000 in exploration work on the property over a period of five years, of which \$1,000,000 had to be spent during the first two years. SOQUEM is acting as the operator for all exploration work carried out on the property. Focus has the option to become the operator by paying \$50,000 in cash or by issuing common shares valued at \$50,000.

During the year ended September 30, 2012, the Company fulfilled its commitment to spend \$3,000,000 on exploration and earned a 50% interest in the property.

# c) Manicouagan

In August 2011, the Company acquired 8 properties, located in the Manicouagan, Gatineau/Laurentides and Mauricie regions of Quebec, in consideration for cash payments totalling \$125,000 and the issuance of 375,000 common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.91 per share. The Company also paid a cash finder's fee of \$25,000.

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

The properties acquired were as follows:

Manicouagan: Lac Guinecourt and Lac Tetepisca

Gatineau/Laurentides: L'Annonciation, Laurentides1, Laurentides2, Cobden and Quyon

Mauricie: Lac Au Sorcier

In November 2012, the Company acquired the Lac Tetepisca North property via map-staking. The property is located nearby the Company's Lac Tetepisca property.

During the year ended September 30, 2013, the Company wrote down the cost of the L'Annonciation, Laurentides1, Laurentides2, Cobden and Quyon properties to \$Nil (\$95,993 in acquisition costs and \$20,069 in exploration and evaluation assets) further to the Company's decision to let the claims lapse as poor exploration results to date did not warrant further exploration on the properties.

During the year ended September 30, 2014, the Company added 29 mining claims to the Lac Tetepisca project via map-staking.

During the year ended September 30, 2015, the Company wrote down the cost of Lac Guinecourt, Lac Tetepisca and Lac au Sorcier by \$101,837, \$173,414 and \$37,927, respectively (\$108,241 in acquisition costs and \$204,937 in exploration and evaluation assets), further to the Company's decision to let certain claims lapse as poor exploration results to date did not warrant further exploration on these claims.

During the year ended September 30, 2016, the Company wrote down the Lac au Sorcier property to \$Nil (\$6,226 in acquisition costs and \$3,210 in exploration and evaluation assets), further to the Company's decision to let all remaining claims lapse as poor exploration results to date did not warrant further evaluation.

As at September 30, 2017, Manicouagan consists of the Lac Tetepisca, Lac Tetepisca North and Lac Guinecourt properties.

#### d) Eastmain-Leran

In October 2012, the Company signed an agreement with Ressources Miniere Alta Inc. ("Alta") whereby Focus secured the exclusive right to exercise a purchase option in respect of Alta's 100% owned Eastmain-Leran property, located in the Otish mountains area of northern Quebec. In consideration for the exclusive right, which covers a period of twelve months, Focus paid \$15,000 in cash.

In October 2012, the Company acquired additional mining claims, via staking.

In October, 2013, the Company executed a purchase agreement with Alta whereby Focus acquired a 100% interest in the Eastmain-Leran property in consideration for \$50,000 cash and the issuance of 689,655 common shares at a price of \$0.435 per share. Alta retained a 2% net smelter return royalty on the property (the "Royalty"). The Company shall have the right, at any time and at its sole discretion, to purchase the Royalty by paying \$500,000. The property was recorded at a value of \$350,000 upon initial recognition, based on the fair value of the property received and the consideration paid.

# e) Island and Asbury

In January, 2012, the Company acquired mining claims, located in south-western Quebec, in consideration for cash payments totalling \$60,000 and the issuance of 100,000 common shares of the Company (75,000 common shares were issued in fiscal 2012; 25,000 common shares were issued in fiscal 2013). The claims, located on four properties (Mayo, Perkins, Asbury and Island), are all natural flake-graphite prospects including a past producing property. All claims are located in the Gatineau/Laurentides area.

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

During the year ended September 30, 2013, the Company wrote down the cost of the Mayo and Perkins properties to \$Nil (\$66,045 in acquisition costs and \$8,337 in exploration and evaluation assets) further to the Company's decision to let the claims lapse as poor exploration results to date did not warrant further exploration on the properties.

During the year ended September 30, 2015, the Company wrote down the cost of Island by \$41,088 (\$19,172 in acquisition costs and \$21,916 in exploration and evaluation assets) further to the Company's decision to let certain claims lapse as poor exploration results to date did not warrant further exploration on these claims.

During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Company wrote down the cost of the Island and Asbury properties to \$Nil (\$53,258 in acquisition costs and \$75,315 in exploration and evaluation assets) further to the Company's decision to let the claims lapse as poor exploration results to date did not warrant further exploration on the properties.

# f) Labrador Trough

On March 30, 2009 and as amended on May 22, 2009, December 11, 2009, March 25, 2010 and April 30, 2010, the Company signed an acquisition agreement with Everton Resources Inc. ("Everton") to acquire a 100% interest in 13 properties ("Labrador Trough") in the Labrador Trough region of Quebec: Romer, Canyon, Colombet, Diana, Fox, Goose, Jack Rabbit, Lac Aulneau, Lac Ribero, Lemming, Leopard, Minowean and Otelnuk, in consideration for the issuance of 6,000,000 common shares of the Company, at a price of \$0.06 per share. On May 21, 2010, concurrent with the listing of the Company's securities on the TSX Venture Exchange, the Company completed the acquisition of the Labrador Trough properties.

During the year ended September 30, 2010, the Company wrote down the cost of the Labrador Trough property by \$73,104 further to the expiry of certain claims. Also during the year ended September 30, 2010, the Company acquired additional mining claims via staking.

#### Sale of Romer Property

On September 27, 2013, the Company signed a letter agreement with Mincom Capital Inc. ("Mincom"), a related party which shares common management, pursuant to which Focus was to sell to Mincom all of its rights, title and interest in its Romer property (the "Property"). The consideration due to Focus from Mincom for the purchase of the Property was \$1,000,000, as determined following an independent valuation prepared at the request of Mincom, payable as follows: (i) cash consideration of \$250,000; (ii) 2,500,000 common shares of Mincom. The transaction closed in May 2014.

During the year ended September 30, 2016, the Company wrote down the cost of the Labrador Trough properties to \$Nil (\$6,991 in acquisition costs and \$243,274 in exploration and evaluation assets), as there has been limited exploration activity on these properties in recent years. The Company does however intend to keep these claims in good standing.

As at September 30, 2017, the Labrador Trough consists of 4 properties: Minowean, Otelnuk, Lemming and Diana.

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

The following table reflects changes to mineral exploration properties between October 1, 2015 and September 30, 2017:

	Year	Year
	ended	ended
	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016
	\$	\$
Balance, beginning of the period	1,380,857	1,394,074
Write-down of mineral exploration properties	(53,258)	(13,217)
Balance, end of the period	1,327,599	1,380,857

The following table reflects changes to exploration and evaluation assets between October 1, 2015 and September 30, 2017:

	Year	Year
	ended	ended
	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016
	\$	\$
Balance, beginning of the period	24,217,684	22,633,294
Additions		
Drilling	382,964	1,051,147
Independent technical studies	80,995	41,750
Geophysical survey	1,170	-
Geological mapping	26,866	16,332
Geochemical survey	177,491	-
Metallurgical analysis	200,833	230,982
Resource estimate	81,917	-
Property maintenance	25,538	61,193
Feasibility studies	138,230	357,144
Environmental studies	21,079	72,326
	1,137,083	1,830,874
Write-down of exploration and evaluation assets	(75,315)	(246,484)
Tax credits and credit on duties	(31,956)	-
Balance, end of the period	25,247,496	24,217,684

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#### 9. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Other current liabilities include the following:

	June 30,	September 30,
	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Obligation to pass on tax deductions (1)(2)(3)(4)	253,583	82,582
Total other current liabilities	253,583	82,582

- (1) In December 2015, the Company closed a flow-through private placement (Note 11) for gross proceeds of \$1,533,380. The proceeds from the financing were allocated between share capital (\$1,380,042) and a deferred liability (\$153,338) using the residual method. The liability component represents the Company's obligation to pass on the tax deductions to investors. Further to the renunciation of the tax deductions to investors in February 2016, effective December 31, 2015, the Company has proportionately reduced the initial liability by the percentage of the required exploration expenditures which have been incurred. The Company incurred all of the required flow-through expenditures by the December 31, 2016 deadline and the remaining liability is \$Nil.
- (2) On May 17, 2016, the Company closed a flow-through private placement (Note 11) for gross proceeds of \$276,250. The proceeds from the financing were allocated between share capital (\$221,000) and a deferred liability (\$55,250) using the residual method. The liability component represents the Company's obligation to pass on the tax deductions to investors.
- (3) On November 8, 2016, the Company closed a flow-through private placement (Note 11) for gross proceeds of \$700,000. The proceeds from the financing were allocated between share capital (\$560,000) and a deferred liability (\$140,000) using the residual method. The liability component represents the Company's obligation to pass on the tax deductions to investors.
- (4) On June 20, 2017, the Company closed a flow-through private placement (Note 11) for gross proceeds of \$1,050,000. The proceeds from the financing were allocated between share capital (\$991,667) and a deferred liability (\$58,333) using the residual method. The liability component represents the Company's obligation to pass on the tax deductions to investors.

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#### 10. FLOW-THROUGH INTEREST AND TAX EXPENSE

The Company is permitted, under Canadian income tax legislation, to renounce flow-through related resources expenditures to investors in advance of the Company incurring all of the expenditures. In accordance with this legislation, the Company has twelve months following the effective date of renunciation to incur the remaining expenditures. The Company begins incurring interest charges for unspent funds after two months following renunciation.

In December 2015, the Company completed a flow-through private placement for gross proceeds of \$1,533,380. In February 2016, the related tax deductions were renounced to investors with an effective date of December 31, 2015. The Company incurred all of the required flow-through expenditures by the December 31, 2016 deadline and paid an amount of \$6,331 for Part XII.6 tax and tax on deemed expenses in Quebec, which is calculated on the monthly balance of unspent flow through funds.

In April and May 2016, the Company completed flow-through private placements for gross proceeds of \$1,530,600. In February 2017, the related tax deductions were renounced to investors with an effective date of December 31, 2016. As at September 30, 2017, the Company has incurred \$593,525 of the required flow-through expenditures and has until December 31, 2017 to incur the remaining exploration expenditures of \$937,075. Subsequent to year end, the Company incurred all remaining exploration expenditures, prior to the December 31, 2017 deadline.

In November 2016, the Company completed a flow-through private placement for gross proceeds of \$700,000. In February 2017, the related tax deductions were renounced to investors with an effective date of December 31, 2016. As at September 30, 2017, the Company has not incurred any of the required flow-through expenditures and has until December 31, 2017 to incur the remaining exploration expenditures of \$700,000. Subsequent to year end, the Company incurred all remaining exploration expenditures, prior to the December 31, 2017 deadline.

In June 2017, the Company completed a flow-through private placement for gross proceeds of \$1,050,000. The related tax deductions will be renounced to investors no later than December 31, 2017, at which point the Company will have twelve months to incur any remaining exploration expenditures that have not yet been incurred up to that point. As at September 30, 2017, the Company has not incurred any of the required flow-through expenditures.

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#### 11. SHARE CAPITAL

#### **Authorized**

An unlimited number of the following shares:

Class "A" common shares voting common shares, no par value Preferred Shares special non-voting shares, no par value

# Issued and fully paid

Class "A" common shares

	Number of shares	
		\$
Balance, September 30, 2015	127,632,172	44,412,649
Shares issued for cash (1)(2)(3)(4)(5)(6)(7) Shares issued on exercise of warrants Share issuance costs	37,224,921 575,341 -	4,244,617 88,987 (592,494)
Balance, September 30, 2016	165,432,434	48,153,759
Shares issued for cash (8)(9)(10)(11)(12)(13)(14)(15)(16)(17)(18) Share issuance costs	104,153,306	7,281,790 (1,049,162)
Balance, September 30, 2017	269,585,740	54,386,387

- (1) In December 2015, the Company completed a flow-through private placement for gross proceeds of \$1,533,380. The private placement was comprised of 15,333,800 flow-through common shares at a price of \$0.10 per share. In connection with the financing, the Company paid cash finders' fees of \$114,670 and issued, as additional consideration, 1,146,704 non-transferable broker warrants, each broker warrant entitling the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.10 until December 23, 2017. The proceeds from the financing (\$1,533,380) were allocated between share capital (\$1,380,042) and a deferred liability (\$153,338) using the residual method. The liability component represents the Company's obligation to pass on the tax deductions to investors and is included in other current liabilities in the statement of financial position. The warrants issued as commissions have been recorded at a value of \$56,871 based on the Black-Scholes option pricing model, using the following assumptions: stock price of \$0.09, risk-free interest rate of 0.50%, expected life of warrants of 2 years, annualized volatility of 112% and dividend rate of 0%. The underlying expected stock price volatility is based on historical data of the Company's shares over the last two years. The risk-free interest rate is based on the yield of a Government of Canada benchmark bond in effect at the time of grant with an expiry commensurate with the expected life of the warrants. Other share issuance costs total \$36,733. The value of the warrants, commissions and other issue costs were presented as a reduction of share capital. A Director of the Company participated in the private placement for an amount of \$100,000.
- (2) On April 1, 2016, the Company completed a flow-through private placement for gross proceeds of \$1,254,350. The private placement was comprised of 7,167,714 flow-through common shares at a price of \$0.175 per share. In connection with the financing, the Company paid cash finders' fees of \$92,348

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and issued, as additional consideration, 527,702 non-transferable broker warrants, each broker warrant entitling the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.20 until April 1, 2020. The proceeds from the financing (\$1,254,350) were allocated entirely to share capital (\$1,254,350), after which there existed no residual amount to allocate to a deferred liability. The warrants issued as commissions have been recorded at a value of \$68,005 based on the Black-Scholes option pricing model, using the following assumptions: stock price of \$0.175, risk-free interest rate of 0.69%, expected life of warrants of 4 years, annualized volatility of 115% and dividend rate of 0%. The underlying expected stock price volatility is based on historical data of the Company's shares over the last four years. The risk-free interest rate is based on the yield of a Government of Canada benchmark bond in effect at the time of grant with an expiry commensurate with the expected life of the warrants. Other share issuance costs total \$43,219. The value of the warrants, commissions and other issue costs were presented as a reduction of share capital. A Director of the Company participated in the private placement for an amount of \$100,000.

- (3) On April 1, 2016, the Company completed a private placement for gross proceeds of \$277,200. The private placement was comprised of 1,848,000 units at a price of \$0.15 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.20 until April 1, 2020. In connection with the financing, the Company paid cash finder's fees totaling \$21,456 and issued, as additional consideration, 143,040 non-transferable broker warrants, each broker warrant entitling the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.20 until April 1, 2020. The warrants issued in connection to the private placement have been recorded at a value of \$Nil based on the residual method and warrants issued as commissions have been recorded at a value of \$18,433 based on the Black-Scholes option pricing model, using the following assumptions: stock price of \$0.175, risk-free interest rate of 0.69%, expected life of warrants of 4 years, annualized volatility of 115% and dividend rate of 0%. The underlying expected stock price volatility is based on historical data of the Company's shares over the last four years. The risk-free interest rate is based on the yield of a Government of Canada benchmark bond in effect at the time of grant with an expiry commensurate with the expected life of the warrants. Other share issuance costs total \$8,308. The value of the warrants, commissions and other issue costs were presented as a reduction of share capital.
- (4) On May 5, 2016, the Company completed a private placement for gross proceeds of \$337,025. The private placement was comprised of 2,246,835 units at a price of \$0.15 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.20 until May 5, 2020. In connection with the financing, the Company paid cash finder's fees totaling \$19,882 and issued, as additional consideration, 132,546 non-transferable broker warrants, each broker warrant entitling the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.20 until May 5, 2020. The warrants issued in connection to the private placement have been recorded at a value of \$Nil based on the residual method and warrants issued as commissions have been recorded at a value of \$17,086 based on the Black-Scholes option pricing model, using the following assumptions: stock price of \$0.175, risk-free interest rate of 0.73%, expected life of warrants of 4 years, annualized volatility of 115% and dividend rate of 0%. The underlying expected stock price volatility is based on historical data of the Company's shares over the last four years. The risk-free interest rate is based on the yield of a Government of Canada benchmark bond in effect at the time of grant with an expiry commensurate with the expected life of the warrants. Other share issuance costs total \$6,572. The value of the warrants. commissions and other issue costs were presented as a reduction of share capital.
- (5) On May 17, 2016, the Company completed a flow-through private placement for gross proceeds of \$276,250. The private placement was comprised of 1,578,572 flow-through common shares at a price of \$0.175 per share. In connection with the financing, the Company paid cash finders' fees of \$22,100 and issued, as additional consideration, 126,285 non-transferable broker warrants, each broker warrant entitling the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.20 until May 17, 2020.

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The proceeds from the financing (\$276,250) were allocated between share capital (\$221,000) and a deferred liability (\$55,250) using the residual method. The liability component represents the Company's obligation to pass on the tax deductions to investors and is included in other current liabilities in the statement of financial position. The warrants issued as commissions have been recorded at a value of \$12,413 based on the Black-Scholes option pricing model, using the following assumptions: stock price of \$0.14, risk-free interest rate of 0.71%, expected life of warrants of 4 years, annualized volatility of 114% and dividend rate of 0%. The underlying expected stock price volatility is based on historical data of the Company's shares over the last four years. The risk-free interest rate is based on the yield of a Government of Canada benchmark bond in effect at the time of grant with an expiry commensurate with the expected life of the warrants. Other share issuance costs total \$10,387. The value of the warrants, commissions and other issue costs were presented as a reduction of share capital.

- (6) On May 17, 2016, the Company completed a private placement for gross proceeds of \$127,500. The private placement was comprised of 850,000 units at a price of \$0.15 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.20 until May 17, 2020. In connection with the financing, the Company paid cash finder's fees totaling \$10,200 and issued, as additional consideration, 68,000 non-transferable broker warrants, each broker warrant entitling the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.20 until May 17, 2020. The warrants issued in connection to the private placement have been recorded at a value of \$8,500 based on the residual method and warrants issued as commissions have been recorded at a value of \$6,684 based on the Black-Scholes option pricing model, using the following assumptions: stock price of \$0.14, risk-free interest rate of 0.71%, expected life of warrants of 4 years, annualized volatility of 114% and dividend rate of 0%. The underlying expected stock price volatility is based on historical data of the Company's shares over the last four years. The risk-free interest rate is based on the yield of a Government of Canada benchmark bond in effect at the time of grant with an expiry commensurate with the expected life of the warrants. Other share issuance costs total \$2,486. The value of the warrants, commissions and other issue costs were presented as a reduction of share capital.
- (7) On September 30, 2016, the Company completed a private placement for gross proceeds of \$820,000. The private placement was comprised of 8,200,000 units at a price of \$0.10 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.12 until September 30, 2020. The warrants issued in connection to the private placement have been recorded at a value of \$164,000 based on the residual method. Other share issuance costs total \$24,640. The value of the warrants and other issue costs were presented as a reduction of share capital. A Director of the Company participated in the private placement for an amount of \$800,000.
- (8) On November 8, 2016, the Company completed a flow-through private placement for gross proceeds of \$700,000. The private placement was comprised of 7,000,000 flow-through common shares at a price of \$0.10 per share. In connection with the financing, the Company paid cash finders' fees of \$56,000 and issued, as additional consideration, 560,000 non-transferable broker warrants, each broker warrant entitling the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.20 until November 8, 2020. The proceeds from the financing (\$700,000) were allocated between share capital (\$560,000) and a deferred liability (\$140,000) using the residual method. The liability component represents the Company's obligation to pass on the tax deductions to investors and is included in other current liabilities in the statement of financial position. The warrants issued as commissions have been recorded at a value of \$18,894 based on the Black-Scholes option pricing model, using the following assumptions: stock price of \$0.08, risk-free interest rate of 0.69%, expected life of warrants of 4 years, annualized volatility of 85% and dividend rate of 0%. The underlying expected stock price volatility is based on historical data of the Company's shares over the last four years. The risk-free interest rate is based on the yield of a Government of Canada benchmark bond in effect at the time of grant with an expiry commensurate with the expected life of the warrants. Other share issuance costs total \$19,951.

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The value of the warrants, commissions and other issue costs were presented as a reduction of share capital.

- (9) On December 23, 2016, the Company completed a private placement for gross proceeds of \$212,500. The private placement was comprised of 2,125,000 units at a price of \$0.10 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.10 until December 23, 2020. In connection with the financing, the Company paid cash finder's fees totaling \$16,000 and issued, as additional consideration, 160,000 non-transferable broker warrants, each broker warrant entitling the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.10 until December 23, 2018. The warrants issued in connection to the private placement have been recorded at a value of \$85,000 based on the residual method and warrants issued as commissions have been recorded at a value of \$3,249 based on the Black-Scholes option pricing model, using the following assumptions: stock price of \$0.06, risk-free interest rate of 1.20%, expected life of warrants of 2 years, annualized volatility of 88% and dividend rate of 0%. The underlying expected stock price volatility is based on historical data of the Company's shares over the last two years. The risk-free interest rate is based on the yield of a Government of Canada benchmark bond in effect at the time of grant with an expiry commensurate with the expected life of the warrants. Other share issuance costs total \$10.076. The value of the warrants, commissions and other issue costs were presented as a reduction of share capital.
- (10) On March 7, 2017, the Company completed a private placement for gross proceeds of \$937,015. The private placement was comprised of 12,493,536 units at a price of \$0.075 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.10 until March 7, 2021. In connection with the financing, the Company paid cash finder's fees totaling \$70,761 and issued, as additional consideration, 934,482 non-transferable broker warrants, each broker warrant entitling the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.10 until March 7, 2021. The warrants issued in connection to the private placement have been recorded at a value of \$Nil based on the residual method and warrants issued as commissions have been recorded at a value of \$58,377 based on the Black-Scholes option pricing model, using the following assumptions: stock price of \$0.10, risk-free interest rate of 1.18%, expected life of warrants of 4 years, annualized volatility of 87% and dividend rate of 0%. The underlying expected stock price volatility is based on historical data of the Company's shares over the last four years. The risk-free interest rate is based on the yield of a Government of Canada benchmark bond in effect at the time of grant with an expiry commensurate with the expected life of the warrants. Other share issuance costs total \$22,547. The value of the warrants. commissions and other issue costs were presented as a reduction of share capital.
- (11) On March 24, 2017, the Company completed a private placement for gross proceeds of \$438,833. The private placement was comprised of 5,851,103 units at a price of \$0.075 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.10 until March 24, 2021. In connection with the financing, the Company paid cash finder's fees totaling \$33,107 and issued, as additional consideration, 441,422 non-transferable broker warrants, each broker warrant entitling the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.10 until March 24, 2021. The warrants issued in connection to the private placement have been recorded at a value of \$Nil based on the residual method and warrants issued as commissions have been recorded at a value of \$25,766 based on the Black-Scholes option pricing model, using the following assumptions: stock price of \$0.095, risk-free interest rate of 1.12%, expected life of warrants of 4 years, annualized volatility of 87% and dividend rate of 0%. The underlying expected stock price volatility is based on historical data of the Company's shares over the last four years. The risk-free interest rate is based on the yield of a Government of Canada benchmark bond in effect at the time of grant with an expiry commensurate with

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the expected life of the warrants. Other share issuance costs total \$34,315. The value of the warrants, commissions and other issue costs were presented as a reduction of share capital.

- (12) On April 21, 2017, the Company completed a private placement for gross proceeds of \$1,113,525. The private placement was comprised of 14,847,001 units at a price of \$0.075 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.10 until April 21, 2021. In connection with the financing, the Company paid cash finder's fees totaling \$46,000 and issued, as additional consideration, 613,333 non-transferable broker warrants, each broker warrant entitling the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.10 until April 21, 2021. The warrants issued in connection to the private placement have been recorded at a value of \$Nil based on the residual method and warrants issued as commissions have been recorded at a value of \$33,223 based on the Black-Scholes option pricing model, using the following assumptions: stock price of \$0.09, risk-free interest rate of 0.91%, expected life of warrants of 4 years, annualized volatility of 87% and dividend rate of 0%. The underlying expected stock price volatility is based on historical data of the Company's shares over the last four years. The risk-free interest rate is based on the yield of a Government of Canada benchmark bond in effect at the time of grant with an expiry commensurate with the expected life of the warrants. Other share issuance costs total \$36,752. The value of the warrants. commissions and other issue costs were presented as a reduction of share capital.
- (13) On June 6, 2017, the Company completed a private placement for gross proceeds of \$236,250. The private placement was comprised of 3,150,000 units at a price of \$0.075 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.10 until June 6, 2021. The warrants issued in connection to the private placement have been recorded at a value of \$Nil based on the residual method. Other share issuance costs total \$26,708 and were presented as a reduction of share capital.
- (14) On June 20, 2017, the Company completed a flow-through private placement for gross proceeds of \$1,050,000. The private placement was comprised of 11,666,666 flow-through common shares at a price of \$0.09 per share. In connection with the financing, the Company paid cash finders' fees of \$76,000 and issued, as additional consideration, 844,444 non-transferable broker warrants, each broker warrant entitling the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.09 until June 20, 2019. The proceeds from the financing (\$1,050,000) were allocated between share capital (\$991,667) and a deferred liability (\$58,333) using the residual method. The liability component represents the Company's obligation to pass on the tax deductions to investors and is included in other current liabilities in the statement of financial position. The warrants issued as commissions have been recorded at a value of \$34,649 based on the Black-Scholes option pricing model, using the following assumptions: stock price of \$0.085, risk-free interest rate of 0.91%, expected life of warrants of 2 years, annualized volatility of 94% and dividend rate of 0%. The underlying expected stock price volatility is based on historical data of the Company's shares over the last two years. The risk-free interest rate is based on the yield of a Government of Canada benchmark bond in effect at the time of grant with an expiry commensurate with the expected life of the warrants. Other share issuance costs total \$28,183. The value of the warrants, commissions and other issue costs were presented as a reduction of share capital. A Director of the Company participated in the private placement for an amount of \$100,000.
- (15) On July 18, 2017, the Company completed a private placement for gross proceeds of \$154,000. The private placement was comprised of 2,053,333 units at a price of \$0.075 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.10 until July 18, 2021. The warrants issued in connection to the private placement have been recorded at a value of \$Nil based on the residual method. Other share issuance costs total \$13,342 and were presented as a reduction of share capital.

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- (16) On August 8, 2017, the Company completed a private placement for gross proceeds of \$375,000. The private placement was comprised of 5,000,000 units at a price of \$0.075 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.10 until August 8. 2021. In connection with the financing, the Company paid cash finder's fees totaling \$26,250 and issued, as additional consideration, 350,000 non-transferable broker warrants, each broker warrant entitling the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.10 until August 8, 2021. The warrants issued in connection to the private placement have been recorded at a value of \$50,000 based on the residual method and warrants issued as commissions have been recorded at a value of \$12,304 based on the Black-Scholes option pricing model, using the following assumptions: stock price of \$0.065, risk-free interest rate of 1.46%, expected life of warrants of 4 years, annualized volatility of 87% and dividend rate of 0%. The underlying expected stock price volatility is based on historical data of the Company's shares over the last four years. The risk-free interest rate is based on the yield of a Government of Canada benchmark bond in effect at the time of grant with an expiry commensurate with the expected life of the warrants. Other share issuance costs total \$9,444. The value of the warrants, commissions and other issue costs were presented as a reduction of share capital.
- (17) On August 14, 2017, the Company completed a private placement for gross proceeds of \$2,922,500. The private placement was comprised of 38,966,667 units at a price of \$0.075 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.10 until August 14, 2021. The warrants issued in connection to the private placement have been recorded at a value of \$584,500 based on the residual method. Other share issuance costs total \$337,262 and were presented as a reduction of share capital.
- (18) On September 25, 2017, the Company completed a private placement for gross proceeds of \$75,000. The private placement was comprised of 1,000,000 units at a price of \$0.075 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.10 until September 25, 2021. The warrants issued in connection to the private placement have been recorded at a value of \$15,000 based on the residual method.

Focus Graphite Inc.
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# 12. WARRANTS

The following table reflects the continuity of warrants outstanding:

		Weighted
	Number of	average
	warrants	exercise price
		\$
Balance, September 30, 2015	17,051,473	0.39
Granted	15,289,112	0.15
Exercised	(575,341)	0.11
Expired	(142,940)	0.60
Balance, September 30, 2016	31,622,304	0.28
Granted	89,390,321	0.10
Expired	(5,145,506)	0.51
Balance, September 30, 2017	115,867,119	0.13

Focus Graphite Inc.
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As at September 30, 2017, the following warrants were issued and outstanding:

Number of			
warrants	Fair value	Exercise price	Expiry date
	\$	\$	
3,861,000	-	0.60	September 23, 2018
847,000	67,760	0.60	February 9, 2019
3,210,381	32,104	0.17	August 28, 2019
3,748,646	18,743	0.17	September 30, 2019
667,363	33,098	0.10	December 23, 2017
1,848,000	-	0.20	April 1, 2020
670,742	86,438	0.20	April 1, 2020
2,246,835	-	0.20	May 5, 2020
132,546	17,086	0.20	May 5, 2020
850,000	8,500	0.20	May 17, 2020
194,285	19,097	0.20	May 17, 2020
8,200,000	164,000	0.12	September 30, 2020
560,000	18,894	0.20	November 8, 2020
2,125,000	85,000	0.10	December 23, 2020
160,000	3,249	0.10	December 23, 2018
12,493,536	-	0.10	March 7, 2021
934,482	58,377	0.10	March 7, 2021
5,851,103	-	0.10	March 24, 2021
441,422	25,766	0.10	March 24, 2021
14,847,001	-	0.10	April 21, 2021
613,333	33,223	0.10	April 21, 2021
3,150,000	-	0.10	June 6, 2021
844,444	34,649	0.09	June 20, 2019
2,053,333	-	0.10	July 18, 2021
5,000,000	50,000	0.10	August 8, 2021
350,000	12,304	0.10	August 8, 2021
38,966,667	584,500	0.10	August 14, 2021
1,000,000	15,000	0.10	September 25, 2021
115,867,119	1,367,788		

Focus Graphite Inc.
(An exploration stage Company)
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As at September 30, 2016, the following warrants were issued and outstanding:

			Number of
Expiry date	Exercise price	Fair value	warrants
	\$	\$	
September 23, 2018	0.60	-	3,861,000
February 9, 2019	0.60	67,760	847,000
February 9, 2017	0.60	12,704	59,290
March 13, 2017	0.55	-	2,931,083
March 13, 2017	0.35	84,187	410,351
March 27, 2017	0.55	37,877	1,262,571
March 27, 2017	0.35	33,917	176,759
August 28, 2019	0.17	32,104	3,210,381
August 28, 2017	0.17	14,577	241,868
September 30, 2019	0.17	18,743	3,748,646
September 30, 2017	0.17	4,029	63,584
December 23, 2017	0.10	33,098	667,363
April 1, 2020	0.20	-	1,848,000
April 1, 2020	0.20	86,438	670,742
May 5, 2020	0.20	-	2,246,835
May 5, 2020	0.20	17,086	132,546
May 17, 2020	0.20	8,500	850,000
May 17, 2020	0.20	19,097	194,285
September 30, 2020	0.12	164,000	8,200,000
		634,117	31,622,304

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 13. STOCK OPTIONS

On May 3, 2012, the shareholders of the Company approved the conversion of the Company's Stock Option Plan ("SOP") from a fixed option plan to a rolling option plan, pursuant to which a maximum of 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company may be reserved for issuance under its SOP. These options may be granted to employees, officers, directors, and persons providing ongoing services to the Company, subject to regulatory approval. The exercise price of each option can be set equal to or greater than the closing market price, less allowable discounts, of the common shares on the Exchange on the day prior to the date of grant of the option. Options have a maximum term of five years and terminate 12 months following the termination of the optionee's employment, office, directorship or consulting arrangement. Vesting of options is made at the discretion of the Board of Directors at the time the options are granted.

The following table reflects the continuity of stock options outstanding:

	Number of stock options	Weighted average exercise price
Balance, September 30, 2015	7,475,000	\$ 0.82
Granted (1)	4,800,000	0.10
Forfeited Expired	(47,500) (2,455,000)	0.10 1.06
Balance, September 30, 2016	9,772,500	0.41
Expired	(3,137,500)	0.68
Balance, September 30, 2017	6,635,000	0.28

<sup>(1)</sup> On December 23, 2015, 4,800,000 stock options were granted to Directors, Officers, employees and consultants at an exercise price of \$0.10 per share, expiring on December 31, 2020.

As at September 30, 2017, the following stock options were outstanding and exercisable:

		Outstanding		Exer	cisable
Range of exercise prices	Number outstanding	Weighted average remaining contractual life	Weighted average outstanding exercise price	Number vested	Weighted average vested exercise price
		(in years)			
\$0.10	4,492,500	3.48	\$0.10	4,492,500	\$0.10
\$0.66	2,142,500	0.84	\$0.66	2,142,500	\$0.66
	6,635,000	2.63	\$0.28	6,635,000	\$0.28

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

As at September 30, 2016, the following stock options were outstanding and exercisable:

	Outstanding			Exercisable	
Range of exercise prices	Number outstanding	Weighted average remaining contractual life (in years)	Weighted average outstanding exercise price	Number vested	Weighted average vested exercise price
\$0.10	4,752,500	4.23	\$0.10	4,752,500	\$0.10
\$0.66	2,525,000	1.59	\$0.66	2,525,000	\$0.66
\$0.71- \$0.92	2,495,000	0.26	\$0.74	2,495,000	\$0.74
	9,772,500	2.54	\$0.41	9,772,500	\$0.41

The following table reflects the weighted-average fair value of stock options granted between October 1, 2015 and September 30, 2017 and the related Black-Scholes option pricing model inputs that were used in the calculations:

	Year ended	Year ended
	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016
Stock options granted	-	4,800,000
Weighted average fair value	-	0.06
Weighted-average exercise price	-	0.10
Weighted-average market price at date of grant	-	0.09
Expected life of stock options (years)	-	5
Expected stock price volatility	-	80%
Risk-free interest rate	-	0.74%
Expected dividend yield	-	0%

The underlying expected stock price volatility is based on historical data of Focus Graphite Inc.'s shares over a period commensurate with the expected life of the options.

The risk-free interest rate is based on the yield of a Government of Canada benchmark bond in effect at the time of grant with an expiry commensurate with the expected life of the options.

In total, \$Nil of stock-based payments (all of which relate to equity-settled stock-based payment transactions) were included in profit or loss for the year ended September 30, 2017 (2016 - \$265,195) and credited to contributed surplus.

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 14. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Changes in non-cash working capital are as follows:		
Amounts receivable	(30,997)	(115,374)
Amounts due from related parties	(40,884)	(376,860)
Prepaid expenses	(751,833)	(126,457)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	25,402	372,515
Deposit	(349,333)	182,666
	(1,147,645)	(63,510)
Non-cash investing activities as follows:		
Exploration and evaluation assets included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	198,750	903,008

#### 15. RISK MANAGEMENT AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

#### Risk management

The Company thoroughly examines the various financial risks to which it is exposed and assesses the impact and likelihood of those risks. These risks include credit risk, liquidity risk, currency risk and interest rate risk. Where material, these risks are reviewed and monitored by the Board of Directors.

## (i) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss if a party to its financial instruments fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's financial assets exposed to credit risk are primarily composed of cash, amounts receivable (excluding sales taxes receivable) and amounts due from related parties and maximum exposure is equal to the carrying values of these assets, totalling \$596,801 at September 30, 2017 (2016 - \$1,643,707). The Company's cash is held at several reputable financial institutions with high external credit ratings. The exposure to credit risk for the Company's receivables is considered immaterial. It is Management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant credit risk. During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Company recognized an impairment on an amount due from a related party in the amount of \$360,000 (2016 - \$Nii).

None of the Company's financial assets are secured by collateral or other credit enhancements.

Management considers that all the above financial assets that are not impaired or past due for each of the reporting dates are of good credit quality. There are no financial assets that are past due but not impaired for the periods presented.

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

## (ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company manages its liquidity needs by carefully monitoring cash outflows due in day-to-day business. As at September 30, 2017, the Company had a working capital of \$255,149. During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Company had negative cash flows from operations of \$3,361,572 (2016 -\$2,355,716). The Company's ability to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business, meet its corporate administrative expenses and continue its exploration activities in fiscal 2018, is dependent upon Management's ability to obtain additional financing, through various means including but not limited to equity financing. No assurance can be given that any such additional financing will be available, or that it can be obtained on terms favorable to the Company.

The Company has financial liabilities of \$1,357,018, all of which are due within twelve months.

#### (iii) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company has limited exposure to financial risk arising from fluctuations in foreign exchange rates given that its transactions are carried out primarily in Canadian dollars.

## (iv) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's financial assets exposed to interest rate risk include cash held in investment savings accounts bearing variable interest rates. The Company has not entered into any derivative contracts to manage this risk. The Company's policy as it relates to its cash balances is to invest excess cash in highly liquid, low-risk, short-term interest-bearing investments with maturities of 360 days or less from the original date of acquisition. As at September 30, 2017, the Company had cash balances of \$322,665 (\$1,085,731 as at September 30, 2016) and interest income derived from these investments during the year ended September 30, 2017 was \$Nil (2016 - \$8,359).

The Company has limited exposure to financial risk arising from fluctuations in variable interest rates earned on cash given the low interest rates currently in effect and the low volatility of these rates.

#### (v) Other price risk

The Company holds publicly listed shares of a company in the mineral exploration industry. The Company is exposed to other price risk regarding these shares as unfavorable market conditions could result in the disposal at less than their value at September 30, 2017. As at September 30, 2017, the value of these listed shares was \$100,000. At September 30, 2017, had the bid price for these publicly listed shares been 10% lower, the comprehensive loss for the year would have been \$10,000 higher. Conversely, has the bid price been 10% higher, the comprehensive loss would have been \$10,000 lower.

## Capital management

The Company manages its capital to ensure its ability to continue as a going concern and to provide an adequate return to its shareholders as well as ensuring that all flow-through monies obtained are utilized in exploration activities and spent by the required deadline. In the management of capital, the Company includes the components of shareholders' equity. As long as the Company is in the exploration stage of its mining properties, it is not the intention of the Company to contract additional debt obligations to finance its work programs. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares. When financing conditions are not optimal, the

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Company may enter into option agreements or find other solutions to continue its activities or may slow its activities until conditions improve. While the Company is not subject to any external capital requirements, neither regulatory nor contractual, funds from flow-through financings to be spent on the Company's exploration properties are restricted for this use. In order to facilitate the management of its capital requirements, the Company prepares annual budgets that are updated as necessary depending on various factors, including successful capital deployment and general industry conditions.

#### 16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, amounts receivable (net of sales taxes receivable), amounts due from related parties, long-term investment, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and deposit. The long-term investment is carried at fair value. The fair value of the other financial instruments approximates their carrying value due to their short-term nature.

The classification of financial instruments is as follows:

September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016	
\$	\$	
322,665	1,085,731	
130,580	3,325	
143,556	462,672	
100,000	125,000	
696,801	1,676,728	
(1.357.018)	(2,035,874)	
-	(349,333)	
(1 357 018)	(2,385,207)	
	2017 \$ 322,665 130,580 143,556 100,000	

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with related parties not disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements are as follows:

Unless otherwise stated, none of these transactions incorporated special terms and conditions and no guarantees were given or received.

## JAG Sky Inc.

During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Company was charged \$Nil by JAG Sky Inc. ("JAG Sky") (2016 - \$8,800), a private air charter services company wholly-owned by an Officer and a Director of Focus, for air travel. As at September 30, 2017, the Company has a prepaid balance of \$33,070 (\$33,070 as at September 30, 2016), included in prepaid expenses, for air travel to be used at a later date.

#### Alcereco Inc.

During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Company was charged \$8,800 by Alcereco Inc., a private company which shares common management, for research work (2016 - \$80,439). As at September 30, 2017, \$Nil was included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities (\$36,718 as at September 30, 2016).

## GGTC Inc. and JAG Property Holdings Inc. (formerly 2390540 Ontario Inc.)

Under a lease agreement between the Company and GGTC Inc.("GGTC") (Note 18), a privately-held company wholly-owned by an Officer and Director of Focus, the Company leases laboratory space in Kingston, Ontario. The lease was previously with JAG Property Holdings Inc. (formerly 2390540 Ontario Inc.), a private entity which is also wholly-owned by an Officer and a Director of Focus, however it was transferred to GGTC upon GGTC's acquisition of the building. During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Company was charged a total of \$55,483 for rent (2016 - \$55,483). As at September 30, 2017, \$10,449 was included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities (\$Nil as at September 30, 2016).

#### Grafoid Inc.

During the ended September 30, 2016, the Company loaned Grafoid Inc. \$360,000. As at September 30, 2016, there were no terms of repayment and, accordingly, the entire amount was included as a long-term receivable. At September 30, 2017, the Company recorded an allowance for doubtful collection for the entire \$360,000, as collectability is uncertain given Grafoid's financial position. The allowance may be reversed in the future if a chance in conditions suggests the amount is collectible.

During the year, the Company advanced additional amounts totalling \$3,092,739 to Grafoid that, in substance, form part of the Company's net investment in Grafoid (Note 6).

#### Shared costs

During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Company charged Mincom Capital Inc. and Stria Lithium Inc., both of which share common management, \$15,000 and \$5,000 (2016 - \$5,000 and \$5,000), respectively, for accounting and administrative services and other administrative expenses. As at September 30, 2017, balances of \$16,950 and \$5,650 (\$5,650 and \$5,650 as at September 30, 2016), respectively, are included in amounts due from related parties.

## Other

As at September 30, 2017. travel advances to management in the amount of \$91,979 are included in prepaid expenses (2016 - \$91,979).

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

As at September 30, 2017, included in amounts due from related parties was an amount of \$41,556 (\$29,452 as at September 30, 2016) due from the following companies, which are wholly or partially owned by an Officer and a Director of the Company, related to general shared costs:

	September 30,	September 30,
	2017	2016
	\$	\$
JAG Property Holdings Inc. (formerly 2390540 Ontario Inc.)	1,371	598
9174893 Canada Inc.	2,447	1,067
GGTC Inc.	4,460	1,945
JAG Sky Inc.	21,124	20,395
Mistura Beauty Solutions Inc.	6,707	-
SP2 Wafer Pte Ltd.	5,447	5,447
	41,556	29,452

As at September 30, 2017, included in amounts due from related parties was an amount of \$79,400 (\$61,920 as at September 30, 2016) due from the following companies, which share common management, related to general shared costs:

	September 30,	September 30,
	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Grafoid Inc. (including subsidiaries)	77,925	61,920
Stria Lithium Inc. (1)	1,475	
	79,400	61,920

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes amounts receivable in respect of charges for accounting/administrative services and other administrative expenses described above.

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

## Transactions with key Management personnel

The following table reflects compensation of key Management personnel, including the CEO, COO, CFO and Directors:

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Salaries (including bonuses) (1)	160,000	160,000
Consulting fees	522,693	464,196
Benefits	8,244	8,244
Stock-based compensation	<u>-</u>	262,123
	690,937	894,563

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes director's fees which have been included in *Management and consulting fees* in the statements of comprehensive loss.

#### 18. COMMITMENTS

## Offtake Agreements

## Grafoid Inc.

In September 2015, the Company executed two definitive offtake agreements with Grafoid Inc. ("Grafoid"), as follows:

#### (a) Graphene Offtake

Under the terms of the Graphene Offtake agreement, Grafoid will pay Focus \$1,000,000, for the right of first refusal to purchase up to an annual maximum of 1,000 tonnes of high-purity graphite concentrate for a 10 year period. It also grants Grafoid the right of first refusal to extend and expand the agreement for an additional 10 year period. The pricing for an additional 10 year period would be set at market price less 10%.

## (b) Polymer Offtake

Under the terms of the Polymer Offtake agreement, Grafoid will pay Focus \$1,000,000, for the right of first refusal to purchase up to an annual maximum of 25,000 tonnes of graphite concentrate for a 10 year period. It also grants Grafoid the right of first refusal to extend and expand the agreement for an additional 10 year period. The pricing for an additional 10 year period would be set at market price less 10%.

Both offtake agreements are conditional on Focus having received the entire \$1,000,000 from Grafoid. Given that this condition was not met as of September 30, 2017, Focus did not yet have any obligation to sell graphite concentrate to Grafoid.

Effective September 24, 2016, Focus and Grafoid executed addendums to the offtake agreements, whereby Grafoid now has until September 24, 2018 to make the remaining payments to satisfy the \$1,000,000

<sup>(2)</sup> The figures above have not been adjusted to reflect the allocation of salaries and short-term benefit compensation paid to key Management personnel that the Company charged out to Mincom Capital Inc. and Stria Lithium Inc.

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

condition under each agreement. The funds previously paid to Focus were returned to Grafoid during the quarter ended March 31, 2017. As at September 30, 2017, payments of \$Nil held by Focus in relation to the offtake agreements (\$349,333 as at September 30, 2016) have been presented as a deposit and included within current liabilities, in the statements of financial position.

#### <u>Other</u>

In December 2013, the Company executed an offtake agreement for future production from the Lac Knife graphite project. The strategic agreement, for up to 40,000 tonnes per year, with a minimum amount of 50% of production of graphite concentrate and value added products produced, was signed on December 19, 2013 with an industrial conglomerate, comprised of heavy industry, manufacturing and technology companies located in Dalian City, Liaoning Province, China. The 10 year agreement calls for the supply of up to 40,000 tonnes per year of large, medium and fine flake graphite concentrate and value added graphite products from the proposed Lac Knife mining and processing facility. The specific terms of the agreement, including pricing and renewal rights, are confidential for competitive reasons.

#### Leases

The Company's future minimum operating lease payments are as follows:

	Minimur	Minimum lease payments due	
	Within 1 year	1 to 5 years	Total
	\$	\$	\$
September 30, 2017 (1)	55,484	69,354	124,838
September 30, 2016	55,484	124,838	180,322

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes lease payments due to GGTC Inc. (formerly 9229205 Canada Inc.), a related party (Note 17), of \$55,484 due within one year and \$69,354 due in one to five years. The lease ends in December 2019.

The Company's lease agreement for office space in Ottawa expired in August 2016 and was not renewed.

Lease payments recognized as an expense during the reporting period amount to \$55,484 (2016 - \$75,658). This amount consists of minimum lease payments.

#### 19. CONTINGENT LIABILITY

The Company was named as a defendant in a statement of claim filed on behalf of the Company's former President and Chief Operating Officer ("former COO"). The statement of claim alleges that the former COO was wrongfully dismissed by the Company and seeks damages in the amount of \$450,000, for, among other things, breach of contract, wrongful dismissal and punitive damages. The Company denies all of the allegations made by the former COO and believes the actions to be without merit. No liability has been recognized in the statements of financial position.

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

## 20. INCOME TAXES

Relationship between expected tax expense and accounting profit or loss

The relationship between the expected tax expense (recovery) based on the combined federal and provincial income tax rate in Canada and the reported tax expense in the statements of comprehensive loss can be reconciled as follows:

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Accounting loss before income tax	(6,528,031)	(3,662,557)
Expected tax recovery calculated using the combined federal and provincial income tax rate in Canada of 26.8% (26.9% in 2016)	(1,749,512)	(985,228)
Adjustments for the following items:  Tax impact of temporary difference for which no		
deferred tax asset was recorded	431,108	430,323
Change in enacted tax rates	61,186	-
Stock-based compensation	-	71,337
Other	(987)	50,343
Tax effect of issuance of flow-through shares	237,228	338,956
Tax effect of reversal of other liabilities relating to flow-		
through shares	(7,325)	(33,896)
Impairment of investment in associate	929,332	-
Non-taxable portion of investment in associate	98,970	128,165

Deferred income tax expense (recovery)

The Quebec general corporate tax rate decreased from 11.9% to 11.8% in 2017, The rate will decrease to 11.7% in 2018, 11.6% in 2019 and 11.5% in 2020. The rate reductions will be effective January 1 of each year to 2020.

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities and variation of recognized amounts during the period

The following differences between the carrying amounts and tax bases from timing differences, unused tax loss and unused tax credits give rise to the following recognized and unrecognized deferred taxes, and the following unrecognized timing differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits:

Balance			Balance
September 30,	Recognized	Recognized	September 30,
2016	in profit or loss	in equity	2017
\$	\$	\$	\$
208,802	5,659	-	214,461
(4,180,134)	(432,886)	-	(4,613,020)
3,971,332	427,227	-	4,398,559
-	-	-	-
	September 30, 2016 \$ 208,802 (4,180,134)	September 30,       Recognized in profit or loss         \$ \$       \$         \$ 208,802       5,659         (4,180,134)       (432,886)         3,971,332       427,227	September 30,         Recognized in profit or loss         Recognized in equity           \$         \$         \$

	Balance			Balance
	September 30,	Recognized	Recognized	September 30,
	2015	in profit or loss	in equity	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Property and equipment	30,761	7,242	-	38,003
Intangible assets	183,655	(12,856)	-	170,799
Mineral exploration properties and				
exploration and evaluation assets	(3,883,683)	(296,452)	-	(4,180,135)
Investment in associate	(17,348)	120,863	-	103,515
Long-term investment	43,713	-	-	43,713
Non-capital losses	3,642,902	181,203	-	3,824,105
	-	-	-	-

(An exploration stage Company) Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

As at September 30, 2017, the Company had the following temporary differences. No deferred tax assets were recorded for these temporary differences.

	Federal	Quebec
	\$	\$
Share issuance costs	1,467,530	1,467,530
Non-capital losses	11,827,208	13,059,704
Investment in associate	1,500,040	1,500,040
Long-term investment	350,000	350,000
	15,144,778	16,377,274

As at September 30, 2016, the Company had the following temporary differences. No deferred tax assets were recorded for these temporary differences.

	Federal	Quebec
	\$	\$
Share issuance costs	957,763	957,763
Non-capital losses	10,484,307	10,197,009
	11,442,070	11,154,772

As at September 30, 2017, the Company has the following non-capital losses for which no deferred tax asset was recorded. These carryforward balances expire as follows:

	Federal	Quebec
	\$	\$
2033	5,136,436	6,466,720
2032	3,952,469	3,854,681
2031	2,139,288	2,139,288
2030	311,109	311,109
2029	108,446	108,446
2028	155,980	155,980
2027	19,000	19,000
2026	4,480	4,480
	11,827,208	13,059,704

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As at September 30, 2016, the Company has the following non-capital losses for which no deferred tax asset was recorded. These carryforward balances expire as follows:

	Federal	Quebec
	\$	\$
2033	3,802,310	3,714,732
2032	3,943,694	3,845,906
2031	2,139,288	2,037,356
2030	311,109	311,109
2029	108,446	108,446
2028	155,980	155,980
2027	19,000	19,000
2026	4,480	4,480
	10,484,307	10,197,009

The temporary difference relating to the share issuance costs which the Company has not recognized will be deductible until the year 2021.

#### 21. ENTITY-WIDE REPORTING

The Company has reviewed its activities and determined that it operates in a single reportable operating segment (see Note 3(q)).

The Company's non-current assets are all in Canada.

#### 22. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

#### Closing of Private Placements

On October 4, 2017, the Company closed a private placement for gross proceeds of \$2,077,500. The private placement was comprised of 27,700,000 units at a price of \$0.075 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.10 until October 4, 2021.

On December 20, 2017, the Company closed a private placement for gross proceeds of \$600,000. The private placement was comprised of 7,500,000 units at a price of \$0.08 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.12 until December 20, 2020. In connection with the financing, the Company paid cash finder's fees totaling \$36,000.

#### Closing of Flow-Through Private Placements

On November 6, 2017, the Company closed a flow-through private placement for gross proceeds of \$1,290,000. The flow-through private placement was comprised of 16,125,000 flow-through shares at a price of \$0.08 per share. In connection with the financing, the Company paid cash finder's fees totaling \$60,000. Directors of the Company participated in the private placement for a total amount of \$200,000.

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On December 18, 2017, the Company closed a flow-through private placement for gross proceeds of \$1,952,048. The flow-through private placement was comprised of 24,400,600 flow-through shares at a price of \$0.08 per share. In connection with the financing, the Company paid cash finder's fees totaling \$114,123. A Director of the Company participated in the private placement for an amount of \$200,000.

On December 22, 2017, the Company closed a flow-through private placement for gross proceeds of \$250,000. The flow-through private placement was comprised of 3,125,000 flow-through shares at a price of \$0.08 per share. In connection with the financing, the Company paid cash finder's fees totaling \$15,000. A Director of the Company participated in the private placement for an amount of \$200,000.